

Constitution

Plenty Valley Christian Education Limited

ACN 005 198 578

A Public Company Limited by Guarantee



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(c) a controller, receiver, receiver and manager, official manager or other external administrator is appointed to the Member.

Member means a person entered on the Register of the Company as a Member.

Object means the object of the Company as set out in clause 2.

Principal means an individual appointed as a Principal of a School in accordance with clause 17.

Register means the register of Members under the Corporations Act and if appropriate includes a branch register.

Registered Office means the registered office for the time being of the Company.

Related Body Corporate has the same meaning it has in the Corporations Act.

Representative means an individual appointed to represent a corporate Member at a General Meeting in accordance with the Corporations Act.

Rule means a rule made by the Directors in accordance with clause 16.

Schedule means a Schedule to this Constitution.

School means any school or other educational institution (including an Early Learning





2 Object of the Company

The Object of the Company is to pursue the charitable purposes of advancing religion and advancing education by:

- (a) operating institutions for the purpose of Christian Education, where the curriculum is firmly based upon a Christian Worldview as expressed in the Statement of Faith and the principles contained in the Educational Creed;
- (b) honouring and empowering the right, responsibility and privilege of Christian parents to educate their children and to assist Christian parents as they establish, maintain and govern schools for that purpose;
- (c) fostering Christian educational thought, practice and administration and set before itself and the Australian nation the ethics, educational principles and administrative practices of Christian education through the school;
- establishing, operating and maintaining one or more Early Learning Centres to provide education and services from a biblical worldview perspective in accordance with the Statement of Faith;
- (e) conducting such educational courses and programmes as the Company from time to time determines:
- (f) acting as trustee and to perform and discharge the duties and functions incidental thereto where this is incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Object; and
- (g) doing such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Object, including the establishment of a public fund.

3 Powers

The Company has the legal capacity and powers of an individual and also has all the powers of a body corporate under the Corporations Act and where the Company is a trustee, the powers of the trustee under the relevant trust instrument and laws related to trusts and trustees.

4 Application of income for Object only

4.1 Application of income and property

The income and the property of the Company, however derived:

(a) must be applied solely towards the promotion of the Object; and



- (c) of fair and reasonable interest on money borrowed by the Company in the ordinary course of business from the Member at a rate not exceeding that fixed for the purposes of this clause 4.2(c) by the Company in a General Meeting;
- (d) of reasonable rent or equivalent payment (including licence fees) for use of premises let by the Member to the Company; or
- (e) in furtherance of the Object.

5 Winding up

5.1 Guarantee by Members

- (a) Each Member undertakes to contribute an amount not to exceed \$100 to the Company's property if the Company is wound up while they are a Member, or within 1 year after they cease to be a Member.
- (b) On winding up of the Company, this contribution is for:
 - (i) payment of the Company's debts and liabilities;
 - (ii) the costs of winding up; and
 - (iii) adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

5.2 Application of property

- (a) Subject to clause 4.2(e), if any property remains on the winding up or dissolution of the Company after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, then, subject always to clause 5.3, that property may not be paid to or distributed among the Members but must be transferred to one or more funds or institutions:
 - (i) that have charitable purposes similar to, or inclusive of, the Object; and
 - (ii) are not-for-profit entities whose governing documents prohibit the distribution of its income and property among its Members (if it has Members) to at least the same extent as imposed on the Company under this Constitution.
- (b) If any property remains on the closure of the School (whether or not the Company is wound up or dissolved), and after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, then, subject always to clause 5.3, that property may not be paid to or distributed among the Members but must be:
 - (i) used by the Company to provide education to school-aged children; or
 - (ii) distributed in accordance with clause 5.2(a).
- (c) The funds or institutions will be determined by the Members at or before the time of dissolution.

5.3 Application of Property if deductible gift recipient

- (a) Where the Company has been endorsed as a deductible gift recipient under Subdivision 30-BA of the Tax Act in relation to a fund or institution it operates and:
 - (i) the Company is wound up;
 - (ii) the fund or institution is wound up; or



(iii) an endorsement under Subdivision 30-BA of the Tax Act is revoked:

then, after satisfaction of all debts and liabilities, any surplus:

- (iv) Gifts;
- (v) Deductible Contributions; and
- (vi) money received by the Company because of such Gifts or Deductible Contributions;

remaining in the Company, fund or institution (whichever is relevant) operated by the Company must be transferred to one or more funds or institutions that comply with clause 5.2 and are each deductible gift recipients.

(b) Where the Company operates more than one fund or institution for which it is a deductible gift recipient and its endorsement under Subdivision 30-BA of the Tax Act is revoked only in relation to one of those funds or institutions then it may transfer any surplus assets of that fund or institution remaining after payment of all liabilities to any other fund or institution for which it is endorsed as a deductible gift recipient.

6 Membership

6.1 Number of Members

- (a) The minimum number of Members of the Company will be 5.
- (b) The Members at the date of adoption of this Constitution and any person the Directors admit to Membership under clause 6.2 are the Members of the Company.

6.2 Admission as a Member

The Directors may admit any person as a Member if the person is eligible under clause 6.3 and makes an application in accordance with clause 6.4.

6.3 Membership criteria

To be eligible to be a Member, a person must:

- (a) be nominated by 2 existing Members:
- (b) consent in writing to become a Member;
- satisfy the Directors, in interview or otherwise that they understand and agree with the Statement of Faith by work and accompanying lifestyle;
- (d) demonstrate their support for the Object of the Company by attending three general metros within 13 months, or performing such other services for the Company as the Directors think sufficient or otherwise at the discretion of the Directors
- (e) agree to be bound by this Constitution, including the Statement of Faith.

6.4 Membership process

- (a) The application for Membership must be:
 - (i) accompanied by the signed Statement of Faith;



- (ii) in such form as the Directors may from time to time prescribe, signed by the applicant and returned to the Company as directed on the form; and
- (iii) accompanied by the Membership fee, if any, prescribed by the Directors.
- (b) Each application for Membership must be considered by the Directors within a reasonable time after the application is made.



- (b) resignation by written notice to the Company having immediate effect or with effect from a specified date in the notice;
- (c) failing to pay any fee that may be prescribed by the Directors from time to time within 12 months after the fee was due and payable;
- (d) in the case of an individual, becoming of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under a law related to mental health;
- (e) in the case of a body corporate, immediately before the Member becoming subject to an Insolvency Event;



8.2 Convening a General Meeting

The Directors may convene and arrange to hold a General Meeting when they think fit and must do so if required to do so under the Corporations Act.

8.3 Notice of a General Meeting

- (a) Notice of a General Meeting must be given in accordance with the Corporations Act and served in accordance with clause 32.
- (b) A Director is entitled to receive notice of and to attend all General Meetings and is entitled to speak at those meetings.

8.4 Calculation of period of notice

In computing the period of notice under clauses 8.3 and 8.6(c), both the day on which the notice is given or taken to be given and the day of the meeting convened by it are to be disregarded.

8.5 Cancellation or postponement of General Meeting

- (a) Where a General Meeting is convened by the Directors they may by notice, whenever they think fit, cancel the meeting or postpone the holding of the meeting to a date and time determined by them.
- (b) This clause 8.5 does not apply to a meeting convened in accordance with the Corporations Act by Members, by the Directors on the request of Members or to a meeting convened by a Court.

8.6 Notice of cancellation or postponement of a meeting

- (a) Notice of cancellation, postponement or change of place of a General Meeting must state the reason for cancellation or postponement and be given:
 - (i) to each Member individually; and
 - (ii) to each other person entitled to be given notice of a General Meeting under the Corporations Act.
- (b) A notice of postponement of a General Meeting must specify:
 - (i) the postponed date and time for the holding of the meeting;
 - (ii) a place for the holding of the meeting which may be either the same as or different from the place specified in the notice convening the meeting; and
 - (iii) if the meeting is to be held in 2 or more places, the technology that will be used to facilitate the holding of the meeting in that manner.
- (c) The number of days from the giving of a notice postponing the holding of a General Meeting to the date specified in that notice for the holding of the postponed meeting must not be less than the number of days' notice of the General Meeting required to be given under clause 8.3.

8.7 Business at postponed meeting

The only business that may be transacted at a General Meeting the holding of which is postponed is the business specified in the original notice convening the meeting.









- (c) the demand may be withdrawn; and
- (d) the demand does not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of





11 Directors

11.1 Number of Directors

The number of Directors must be such number between 3 and 10 as the Members determine. In the absence of any such determination, the number of Directors will be 7.

11.2 Directors elected at General Meeting

The Company may, at a General Meeting at which:



expiration of that Director's period of office and may by an ordinary resolution appoint another person in the place of that Director.

11.5 Reappointment of a Director



(h) dies.

15 Powers and duties of Directors

15.1 Directors to manage the Company

- (a) The Directors are to manage the business of the Company and may exercise all the powers of the Company that are not, by the Corporations Act or by this Constitution, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting.
- (b) The Directors must use their best endeavours to ensure that the Statement of Faith is honoured in the conduct of the Company and the School.

15.2 Specific powers of Directors

Without limiting the generality of clause 15.1, and subject to any trusts relating to the assets of the Company, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to:

- (a) borrow or raise money;
- (b) charge any property or business of the Company; and
- (c) give any security for a debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any other person.

15.3 Compliance with duties

While the Company is a registered charity under the ACNC Act, each Director must comply with the duties described in governance standard 5 as set out in the regulations made under the ACNC Act and such other obligations as apply under the ACNC Act or the Corporations Act from time to time.

15.4 Delegation

- (a) The Directors may resolve to delegate any of their powers to:
 - (i) a committee in accordance with clause 26;
 - (ii) a Director:
 - (iii) an employee of the Company on terms and subject to any restrictions to be decided by the Directors; or
 - (iv) any other person on terms and subject to any restrictions to be decided by the Directors.

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17 Principal, Secretary and Public Officer

17.1 Principal

- (a) The Directors may appoint a Principal on such terms and conditions (including as to remuneration) as they think fit.
- (b) The Directors may delegate any of their powers to the Principal and the Principal must exercise those powers:
 - in accordance with the terms and subject to any restrictions or the directions of the Directors; and
 - (ii) so as to be concurrent with, or to the exclusion of, the powers of the Directors,

and may revoke the delegation at any time.

(c) The Principal may be invited to attend all meetings of the Directors but may not hold the office of a Director and is not entitled to vote.

17.2 Secretary

- (a) There must be at least one Secretary who is to be appointed by the Directors.
- (b) The Directors may suspend or remove a Secretary from that office.
- (c) A Secretary holds office on the terms and conditions (including as to remuneration) and with the powers, duties and authorities, as determined by the Directors. The exercise of those powers and authorities and the performance of those duties by a Secretary are subject at all times to the control of the Directors.

17.3 Public Officer

The Directors must appoint a person as Public Officer of the Company in accordance with the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (Cth).

18 Appointment of attorney

- (a) By power of attorney, the Directors may appoint any person to be an attorney of the Company, with such powers, authorities and discretions of the Directors as the Directors think fit and for such purposes, period and conditions as determined by the Directors.
- (b) A power of attorney granted under clause 18(a) may contain any provisions for the protection and convenience of the attorney and persons dealing with the attorney that the Directors think fit and may also authorise the attorney to delegate (including by way of appointment of a substitute attorney) all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions of the attorney.

19 Conflicts of interest

19.1 Disclosure of conflict of interest

A Director must disclose the nature and extent of any actual or perceived material conflict of interest in a matter that is being considered at a meeting of Directors (or that is proposed in a circular resolution):

(a) to the Directors; or



(b) if all of the Directors have the same conflict of interest, to the Members at the next General Meeting, or at an earlier time if reasonable to do so.

19.2 Disclosure recorded in minutes

The disclosure of a conflict of interest by a Director must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

19.3 Material personal interest

Each Director who has a material personal interest in a matter that is being considered at a meeting of the Directors (or that is proposed in a circular resolution) must not, except as provided under clause 19.4:

- (a) be present at the meeting while the matter is being discussed; or
- (b) vote on the matter.

19.4 Present and voting

A Director with a material personal interest in a matter may still be present and vote if:

- their interest arises because they are a Member of the Company and the other Members have the same interest;
- (b) their interest arises in relation to remuneration as a Director of the Company;
- (c) their interest relates to an insurance contract that insures, or would insure, the DiCo8i TJ3.59.4(Co8i TJ3.53gor)11.eschhw ortheet ma orrector 3.59.n-6.4(me)11.6(5.2(s)055.2(t)7.2(h).



20.3 Alternate Director and voting

- (a) A person who is present at a Directors' meeting as an Alternate Director:
 - is entitled to participate and vote in the appointor's place if the appointor would have been entitled to vote and does not participate in that meeting; and
 - (ii) has one vote for each person for whom they have been appointed as Alternate Director.
- (b) If that person is also a Director, then that person also has one vote as a Director in that capacity.
- 21 Chairperson and deputy chairperson of Directors
- 21.1 Election of chairperson and deputy chairperson



22.3 Alternate Director's powers

An Alternate Director may exercise all the powers of the appointor except the power to appoint an Alternate Director and, subject to the Corporations Act, may perform all the duties of the appointor except to the extent that the appointor has exercised or performed them.

22.4 Alternate Director responsible for own acts and defaults

Whilst acting as a Director, an Alternate Director:

- (a) is an officer of the Company and not the agent of the appointor; and
- (b) is responsible to the exclusion of the appointor for the Alternate Director's own acts and defaults.

22.5 Alternate Director and remuneration

An Alternate Director is entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration or benefit of the Director in whose place the Alternate Director is standing.

22.6 Termination of appointment of Alternate Director

The appointment of an Alternate Director may be terminated at any time by the appointor even if the period, if any, of the appointment of the Alternate Director has not expired and terminates in any event if the appointor ceases to be a Director.

22.7 Termination in writing

The termination of an appointment of an Alternate Director must be affected by a notice in writing signed by the Director who made the appointment and delivered to the Company.

22.8 Alternate Director and number of Directors







29 Accounts

- (a) The Directors must cause proper financial records to be kept and, if required by a law, regulation or guideline applicable to the Company or otherwise considered by the Directors to be appropriate, cause the accounts of the Company to be audited or reviewed accordingly.
- (b) The Directors must distribute to the Members copies of the annual financial reports of the Company accompanied by a copy of the report of the auditor or reviewer (as required) and report of Directors in accordance with the requirements of a relevant law, regulation or guideline.

30 Seals

30.1 Safe custody of common seals

The Directors must provide for the safe custody of any sealeeDirB5dinaTa oir.1(g41e(29 2.0021 TcU7 Tc-s))-5.2(d)



(iii) by sending it to an electronic address nominated by the Member or Director; or



- (v) the person is entitled to be, and is actually, indemnified by another person (including an insurer under any insurance policy).
- (b) The indemnity is a continuing obligation and is enforceable by a person even





Schedule 2

Statement of Faith

Preamble

This Statement of Faith outlines what we believe as we engage in the task of Christian education.



- 9. Because Jesus is God's Son and the ruler of everything, we can be sure His promises are true. Jesus sent the Holy Spirit to help us believe God's promises and to understand the Bible. The Holy Spirit helps us believe in Jesus. The Holy Spirit helps us see all the things we do that break God's law and helps us to be more like God wants us to be. He encourages us to do God's work here on earth. God is bringing His world back to Himself and wants us to participate with Him in this work. One day Jesus will return to this world, and everything will be made new and right. VIII
- 10. God wants us to share His love and truth with all the people in the world through our words and deeds. God wants us to tell all people about how He is the ruler of the world. God wants us to tell all people about Jesus and why He died. Every person who puts their trust in Jesus becomes part of God's family, called the church.^{ix}
- 11. The Bible says that God's promises are for all people who believe in Him. This means Christian parents want to teach their children to know and love God too. God's best plan for children is that they grow up in families. The Bible teaches that families are formed through marriage and tells us that marriage is a commitment between one man and one woman, to the exclusion of all others, that is intended to last for life and is the only rightful place for sexual activity and procreation.^x
- 12. A Christian trusts in God's gift of Jesus Christ as his or her Saviour and who strives to follow Jesus' teaching through Biblically grounded lives, in community with other believers, in every area of life.xi
- 13. Christian schools partner with families in teaching children that the world and everything in it belongs to God. Plenty Valley Christian College weaves this understanding all through our curriculum and in our everyday practices. xii
- 14. God wants His family to protect and nurture every person as an individual who has dignity and worth from before they are born. He wants His people to work for justice and to protect and care for His creation. He wants us to love others as He loves them.
- 15. This is God's world and Jesus Christ is at the heart of all things. Jesus is the ruler and King of everything we do. He is Lord in our college, in our homes, in our lives and in our hearts. Everything we do can be done with thanks for all God has given us as an act of worship to Him.
- 16. Plenty Valley Christian College from time to time publishes policy papers which clarify the college's faith response to particular issues that may arise. These policies help interpret this Statement of Faith.



Schedule 3

Educational Creed

(i) As a community united in Christ for the education of youth we confess with the Church universal that:

There is one God eternal and indivisible in whom are three Persons Father, Son and Holy Spirit, which three Persons are really truly and eternally distinct, each one truly God, yet without in any way destroying the unity of the one and only God who is one and not three.

This one God is the Creator of all things visible and invisible;

Man was created in the image of God with dominion over the creation;

Man sinned by disobeying the express command of God so repudiating his Creator and bringing God's wrath and curse on himself and on the whole creation over which he rules;

By the curse of sin justly imposed every man is cut off from communion with God and is dead in sin wholly corrupt throughout the whole man and utterly indisposed disabled and made opposite to all good and wholly inclined to all evil;

God in his love for the world sent His only son Jesus Christ our Lord to be born of the virgin Mary being conceived by the Holy Spirit to live and suffer on this earth as a man under the curse of sin to endure the fullness of God's curse on sin in His death on the cross as a ransom for many laying down His life for the sheep so that all who believe in Him should receive without regards to their works of merit full and free pardon the riches of God's favour as his sons and heirs and eternal life in Christ being renewed by the Holy Spirit in Christ's likeness:

The Lord Jesus Christ having died for our sins rose again on the third day by the power of God ascended to heaven and is now seated at the right hand of God the Father Almighty who has put all things in subjection under his feet appointing him to be Head of all things to the Church which is his Body;

At the time appointed by God and known to no man this very same Jesus shall come the second time in power and great glory to judge all men living and dead and having destroyed this present world to establish the new heavens and new earth in which righteousness has permanent home;

When the Lord Jesus comes again all the dead shall be raised bodily those who by faith have done well to eternal life and those who through unbelief have done evil to eternal condemnation;

The risen Christ has sent the Holy Spirit into the world that by Him redemption might be effectually applied the divine purpose of salvation accomplished and the Church equipped for its mission on earth:

The redemptive activity and gracious favour of God the Father Son and Holy Spirit is essential for the fulfilment of man's life.

(ii) We confess that:

The Scripture of the Old and New Testaments acknowledged in the confessions of the Reformation is in all things our supreme standard by which all we do is to be judged;

This Scripture written by men moved by the Holy Spirit is itself God's Word written God himself being the author;



Scripture is the integral divine Word by which God through his Spirit draws us to and enlightens us in the truth which is Christ Jesus our Lord the eternal Word of God;

The same eternal Word who reveals himself in Scripture reveals himself in all that he has created so that the revelation of God is one:

Scripture is indispensable and determinative for our knowledge of God of ourselves and of the rest of the creation and also for the whole educational task.

(iii) We confess that:

Man as God's image bearer is given dominion over the creation to rule it manage it and develop it for God who is King over Kings and Lord over Lords;

Man's life is fulfilled only in a life of free willing submission to God; a life lived in harmony with the law of God for his creation made known in the integral revelation of the Word of God:

Being now fallen into sin man can attain this fulfilment only through renewal by the Holy Spirit after the image of his creator;

For man to attempt anything at all in independence of God or in ignorance of God's revelation is inherently destructive of man and of the creation over which he is given dominion:

It is man's glory as God's image bearer to do everything so that the glory of God is revealed in his doing;

The development of the child as the image bearer of God is a central concern of the educational task.

(iv) We confess that:

Human life in its entirety is religion unfolding itself as service of the one true God or of a God-substitute:

In sin man has repudiated God in favour of God-substitutes with the result that he is cut off from the knowledge of God himself and of the meaning of the creation so that the light he supposes he has is darkness and his wisdom is folly;

Apart from the man Christ Jesus no man is exempted from this falsifying of knowledge through sin but all alike grope in darkness being blinded to the meaning of life of the world and of man himself;

No area of human knowledge is free of this sinful falsifying;

True education is possible only where the fear of God is re-established by God's grace in the heart of man as the indispensable foundation of all wisdom and knowledge.

(v) We confess that:

God in Christ by the Cross has restored the whole creation to harmony with Himself making all things new in Christ;

Although the fulfilment of this restoration awaits the future revelation of Christ in glory yet in principle by the present work of the Holy Spirit in the world it is a present reality to be reckoned with in faith in every -4.9(s)-(;) 7ahe6.5(lt fis)-5.(i.ef(i)-324(r)1v (e)-7(t 46r)1v (e)e6.2()6f9(e)-7(t .4()-)-6



This covenant community is God's appointed means through the power of the Holy Spirit within the community for communicating the redemption of Christ to the world; Although by the grace of God men who reject the Word of God as the ordering principle of life provide many valuable insights into the common structure of reality yet the religious direction of their thought remains radically opposed to that of the covenant community in Christ so that there can be no possibility of a synthesis of their systems of thought with the scripturally directed thought which Christ's covenant community is called to pursue.

(vi) We confess that:

The whole cosmos is the creation of God remaining under his government upheld by his power and existing for His glory;

The cosmos is neither chaotic nor meaningless but ordered and pregnant with meaning by the creative act of God graciously preserved and sustained by Him in spite of the disruptive effects of man's sin and subject to the law of the Creator in all things;

It is man's task to unfold the meaning that God the creator has given to the creation;

Man can fulfil his task only as dependent on the Holy Spirit; he functions in subjection to the law by which God orders the creation;

The law of the Creator ensures a rich diversity within the unbreakable unity of the cosmos;

The whole creation finds its coherence and meaning in Christ who is the First and the Last the Beginning and the End of the creation of God:

True education is the unfolding to the child of the creation in harmony with the order and meaning it has in Christ so that the child may be prepared and equipped for his office and calling in this world as God's image bearer and steward.

(vii) We confess that:

The covenant community redeemed in Christ expresses itself in the field of education in the school where Christ is confessed as Head of the educational task in harmony with Scripture;

The school is only one of several ways in which the covenant community expresses itself in this temporal world, each one displaying in a distinctive manner the rich fullness of Christ's redemption:

It is the special task of the school to open out to the child the meaning and structure of the creation under the guidance of the Word of God as part of the equipment of the child for his calling in life in subjection to Christ as King;

In pursuit of its special task, the school is in no sense subordinate or subject to family, church or state or to any other societal structure but to Christ alone who only rules as King over all:

As it expects respect for its own sovereignty under Christ so the school is bound to respect

This respect for the sovereignty of the societal structures under Christ requires that the school direct all its efforts toward its own special task refraining from activities that infringe on the special tasks of the family the church the state or any other societal structure;

The school under Christ and by His Holy Spirit is to advance the reign of Christ on earth in the field of education so that His Kingdom may come to expression here and now, though with much imperfection and weakness and so that our Lord may find us busy in His garden when He comes in glory.

(viii) We confess that:

The school is a community of students, teachers and Members of the governing association united in a communal confession of faith in Christ as the Head:

Although parents have a primary responsibility for the education of the child yet as Christ has one Body and as believers are Members together of that one Body the task of the school is the responsibility of the whole body of Christ;

Within the school community the student is subject to the authority of the teacher whose legitimate authority is to be upheld by the whole school community;

Authority is never to be exercised or maintained for its own sake but in the school is only to be used for the effective nurture of the child in harmony with the special task of the school and with an awareness that all authority is of God to whom all who exercise authority must give account.

(ix) We confess Christ as King of Kings and Lord of Lords, the Redeemer and Renewer of all our life; and we pursue the educational task together, with confident hope and humble reliance on God who for Jesus' sake, who sends his Holy Spirit to lead us into the truth, which is Christ, and with glad submission to God's Word as the guide of all our endeavour that in all things God may be glorified through Jesus Christ, to whom belongs the glory and the dominion forever.

Deut. 6:4. Matt. 28:19. Mark 12:29. John 14:8-18

[&]quot;Gen. 1, Ps. 19:1-4, Ps. 33:6, Rom. 1:20, Heb. 1:1-4

Deut. 10:12–13, 2 Tim. 3:16–17, 2 Peter 1:19–21

iv Gen. 1:27, Rom. 1:18-32, Rom. 5:12-14, Rom. 6:23, Eph. 2:3

^v John 14:1–3, Rom. 3:22–24

vi Matt. 20:28, 2 Cor. 5:21, 1 Tim. 2:5-6, 1 Peter 2:22-24

vii Matt. 28:18, Luke 24:36–43, John 5:21–23, John 14:2–3, 1 Peter:1:3

viii John 14:16–18, John 15:26, 1 Cor. 2:9–10, 1 Cor. 12:3, Titus 3:3–8

ix Matt. 28:18-20, Luke 24:36-43, John 5:21-23, John 14:2-3, 1 Peter:1:3

^x Gen. 1:27, Rom. 1:18-32, Rom. 5:12-14, Rom. 6:23, Eph. 2:3

xi Isa 26:3-4, Eph 2:8, Phil 4:19

xii Deut. 6:6-7, Deut. 10:14, Ps. 24:1, Eph. 6:4